ENGINEERING EXPORT MONITOR February 2016





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Analysis of Indian engineering exports during February 2016: March 16, 2016

Trend in overall trade

India's merchandise exports fell for the fifteenth month running in February 2016 but it has been the smallest decline in more than a year raised hope for a revival. This time the exports dropped is 5.66 percent to US\$20.73 billion as against US\$21.98 billion from a year earlier. The fall was mainly attributed to subdued demand overseas, although the blow has been softened by a collapse in oil import bill and curb on gold imports. Cumulative exports for April2015 –February 2016 plummeted 16.73 percent to US\$238.42 billion against US\$ 286.3 billion in the year ago period.

On the other hand, India's total merchandised imports also dropped in February 2016 by 5.03 per cent to US\$27.28 billion from US\$28.72billion in February 2015. The country's cumulative imports during April2015 –February 2016 was at US\$351.81 billion, registering a drop of 14.74 per cent from US\$ 412.60 billion in the corresponding period of the previous year.

The drop in imports narrowed down the trade deficit to US\$ 113.39 billion for April 2015 – February 2016, lower than the US\$126.29 billion in the same period of the previous fiscal.

Engineering exports

India's engineering exports that accounted for nearly 21.3% of merchandise export in February 2016, also toppled in tandem with the overall trend, but the fall was at a slower pace. India's engineering exports dropped by 11.07 percent to US\$4.42 billion in February 2016 from US\$4.97 billion in February 2015. However, the fall is a bit lower than the year-on-year fall in January 2016 and December 2015 by28 and 30 percent respectively. During the ongoing fiscal, India's engineering exports registered year-on-year growth only in the month of July 2015 while the decline was hovering around 25-30% in the last four months till January 2016, which later improved in the month of February 2016.

Cumulative engineering exports from India conceded 17.33 percent fall during April2015 –February 2016 to US\$53.68 billion from US\$64.94 billion during the same period of the previous fiscal.

The monthly and cumulative engineering figures for 2015-2016 vis-à-vis 2014-2015 are depicted below:

Table1: Engineering Exports (US\$ Million)

| Months | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | Growth (%) |
|----------------|----------|----------|------------|
| April | 5708.04 | 5674.8 | -0.58 |
| May | 6013.33 | 5345.9 | -11.10 |
| June | 5205.21 | 4950.72 | -4.89 |
| Quarter 1 | 16926.58 | 15971.42 | -5.64 |
| July | 5499.76 | 5601.05 | 1.84 |
| August | 6380.66 | 4659.26 | -26.98 |
| September | 6329.07 | 4704.5 | -25.67 |
| Quarter 2 | 18209.49 | 14964.81 | -17.82 |
| October | 5007.85 | 4486.18 | -10.42 |
| November | 6403.45 | 4342.92 | -32.18 |
| December | 6710.57 | 4689.19 | -30.12 |
| Quarter 3 | 18121.87 | 13518.29 | -25.40 |
| January | 6,707.02 | 4806.33 | -28.34 |
| February | 4975.32 | 4424.35 | -11.07 |
| April-February | 64940.28 | 53686.25 | -17.33 |

(Source: Department of Commerce, Government of India)

World Exports

How has the world exports trend been in the current annual year vis-à-vis 2014? Table 2 shows the decline that has been witnessed in the twelve months of 2015.

Table 2: World Exports 2015 Vs 2014 (Values in USD Million)

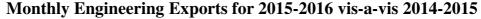
| Months | 2014 | 2015 | Growth (%) |
|-----------|---------|---------|------------|
| January | 1393000 | 1250000 | -10.27 |
| February | 1288000 | 1190000 | -7.61 |
| March | 1471000 | 1296000 | -11.90 |
| April | 1444000 | 1257000 | -12.95 |
| May | 1455000 | 1260000 | -13.40 |
| June | 1437000 | 1331000 | -7.38 |
| July | 1488000 | 1303000 | -12.43 |
| August | 1355000 | 1188000 | -12.32 |
| September | 1471000 | 1303000 | -11.42 |

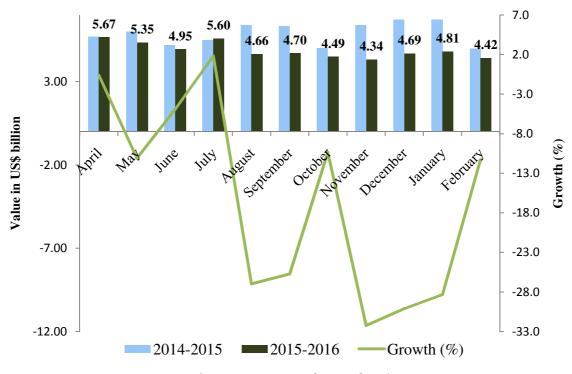
| October | 1496000 | 1315000 | -12.10 |
|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| November | 1398000 | 1247000 | -10.80 |
| December | 1385000 | 1264000 | -8.74 |
| Yearly | 17081000 | 15204000 | -10.99 |

Source: WTO

Figure 1 below depicts the monthly trend in engineering exports **for both 2014 and 2015.**

Figure 1: Trends in Monthly Engineering Exports
US\$ Billion





(Source: EEPC India analysis)

Engineering sector is an important segment of the broader Manufacturing sector as the contribution of engineering production in overall manufacturing output is quite significant. Now, as production and exports are directly correlated, some correlation between manufacturing production growth and merchandise export growth is very likely to exist. Hence, a broad analysis of industrial production, especially of manufacturing sector is effective in the context of engineering export analysis as manufacturing has over 75% weightage in India's industrial production. The downfall in Indian engineering exports continued for the seventh straight month to February 2016 but the pace of declined moderated to 11.07 percent as against a much higher 28.34 percent fall in January 2016 and 29.31 percent in December 2015. In line with the sharp fall in engineering exports, India's manufacturing production also declined by 2.8% in

January 2016 and 2.2% (revised) in December 2015. November is the first month in 2015-16 to concede a decline in manufacturing production over the same period last year when manufacturing output declined by 4.7% from a double-digit growth in October 2015. Decline in exports moderated slightly in December 2015 when decline in manufacturing also moderated to 2.2 percent. However, manufacturing output declined at a faster pace in January 2016 while engineering exports witnessed slightly slower decline. Overall IIP Index, the standard measure for industrial output, stood at 186.3 in the first month of 2016 as against a revised 183.4 in December 2015 and 166.2 in November 2015. Cumulatively, industrial production during April-February 2015-16 grew at 2.7 percent, which was exactly the same as in the same period last fiscal.

The growth rates in Engineering Exports and the Growth in Manufacturing in the country in the current fiscal in Table 1A below:

Table 3: Engineering Exports Growth vis-a-vis Manufacturing Growth (2015-16)

| Months/ Year | Engg. Exports Growth (%) | Manufacturing Growth (%) |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| April 2015 | -0.58 | 3.9 |
| May 2015 | -11.10 | 2.1 |
| June 2015 | -4.89 | 5.2 |
| Quarter 1 | -5.64 | 3.7 |
| July 2015 | 1.84 | 4.8 |
| August 2015 | -26.98 | 6.7 |
| September 2015 | -25.67 | 2.9 |
| Quarter 2 | -17.82 | 4.8 |
| October 2015 | -10.42 | 10.6 |
| November 2015 | -32.18 | -4.7 |
| December 2015 | -30.12 | -2.2 |
| Quarter 3 | -25.40 | 1.2 |
| January 2016 | -28.34 | -2.8 |
| February 2016 | -11.07 | N A |

(Source: Department of Commerce and CSO)

An analysis of the engineering export and manufacturing growth data for the ongoing fiscal also established some correlation between the two. India's engineering exports conceded bigger decline during May 2015 in comparison to the previous month while manufacturing growth also decelerated. The fall in export growth decreased in June and manufacturing growth also strengthened. Exports registered marginal growth during July 2015 but growth of manufacturing production decelerated. Then export growth and growth of manufacturing moved in opposite direction in August and September 2015. In August, the export recorded a massive decline but manufacturing growth was recorded at three-year high probably due to festive season in India while in September, decline in exports was lower but manufacturing growth slowed down. However, both moved in the same direction during the last three months of 2015. Decline in engineering exports decelerated in October and manufacturing growth reached its

several years' high. November 2015 just saw the reverse. Engineering exports declined to its highest pace of the current fiscal while manufacturing production declined for the first time in 2015-16. Then in December 2015, fall in exports moderated slightly while the pace of decline in manufacturing also slowed down to nearly half the rate of the previous month. January 2016 however saw a slower rate of decline in engineering exports coupled with a bigger fall in manufacturing growth.

We also present the month wise corresponding **revised** engineering exports for 2014-15 as opposed to 2013-14.

Table 4: Revised Engineering Exports (2013-14)
USD Million

| Quarter | Month | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | Growth Rate in Percent |
|-----------|---------------|----------|-----------|---------------------------|
| Quarter 1 | April | 4529.32 | 5708.04* | 26.02* |
| | May | 4819.47 | 6013.33* | 24.77* |
| | June | 4229.72 | 5205.21* | 23.06* |
| Quarter 2 | July | 4473.34 | 5499.76* | 22.95* |
| | August | 5264.51 | 6380.66* | 21.20* |
| | September | 5216.94 | 6329.07* | 21.32* |
| Quarter 3 | October | 5552.78 | 5007.85* | -9.81* |
| | November | 4874.85 | 6403.45* | 31.36* |
| | December | 5531.18 | 6710.57* | 21.32* |
| Quarter 4 | January | 6122.54 | 6707.02* | 9.55* |
| | February | 4971.59 | 4975.32* | 0.08* |
| | March | 6040.14 | 5884.54 | -2.58 |
| | Total Exports | 61626.38 | 70824.82* | 14.93* |

(*Revised figures as per latest estimates by DGCI&S)

Impact of Exchange Rate

How has the exchange rate been in February 2016 vis-a-vis February 2015? We look at the average exchange rate for February 2016 vis-a-vis February 2016 The below table provides the same:

Table 5: Average Exchange Rate

| February | Average Exchange Rate 1 USD to INR |
|----------|------------------------------------|
| 2015 | 62.04 |
| 2016 | 68.24 |

(Source: Calculated from RBI archive)

The official exchange rate of rupee vis-à-vis the US Dollar during February 2016has depreciated by 10 percent to that of the same period last year.

We begin by looking at the Engineering Panel wise exports for the month of February 2016 vis-a-vis February 2015 and cumulative exports for April-February 2015-16 vis-a-vis April-February 2014-15. The data is given in Table 4 below:

Table 6: Trends in Engineering panel Exports February 2016 and April- February 2015-16
US\$ Million

| | Panel | Februa | February | Growth | April, | April, | Growt | | | |
|-----|---|-------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Sl | T uner | ry | , 2016 | percent | 2014 - | 2015 - | h | | | |
| no. | | 2015 | ,2010 | percent | Februa | Februa | perce | | | |
| | | | | | ry, | ry, | nt | | | |
| | | | | | 2015 | 2016 | | | | |
| | 1. Iron and Steel and Products made of Iron and Steel | | | | | | | | | |
| A | Iron and Steel | 634.55 | 371.03 | -41.53 | 7996.24 | 5092.26 | - 36.32 | | | |
| В | Products of Iron and Steel | 567.47 | 459.59 | -19.01 | 6900.63 | 5643.51 | - 18.22 | | | |
| | Sub Total | 1202.0 2 | 830.62 | -30.90 | 14896. 87 | 10735. 77 | - 27.93 | | | |
| | 2. Non-Ferrous | Metals and | l Products m | ade of Non-Fe | rrous Meta | ls | | | | |
| A | Copper and products | | | | | | - | | | |
| | | 242.83 | 173.66 | -28.48 | 3152.35 | 2313.67 | 26.60 | | | |
| В | Aluminium and products | 280.81 | 199.53 | -28.94 | 2556.01 | 2373.98 | -7.12 | | | |
| С | Zinc and products | 81.43 | 10.75 | -86.80 | 529.54 | 504.77 | -4.68 | | | |
| D | Nickel and products | | | | | | | | | |
| | T 1 1 1 . | 87.97 | 17.35 | -80.28 | 802.12 | 487.80 | 39.19 | | | |
| E | Lead and products | 8.30 | 9.49 | 14.34 | 160.18 | 166.34 | 3.85 | | | |
| F | Tin and products | 2.38 | 4.88 | 105.04 | 35.26 | 54.10 | 53.43 | | | |
| G | Other Non Ferrous Metals | 26.42 | 25.45 | 1.00 | 450.50 | 20420 | - | | | |
| | Sub Total | 36.13 | 35.45 | -1.88 | 458.72 | 394.20 | 14.07 | | | |
| | Sub Total | 739.85 | 451.11 | -39.03 | 7694.18 | 6294.86 | 18.19 | | | |
| | | | ustrial Mac | | 7071.10 | 0271.00 | 10.17 | | | |
| A | Industrial Machinery | | | - | | | | | | |
| | like Boilers, parts, etc | 46.14 | 58.78 | 27.39 | 551.00 | 597.73 | 8.48 | | | |
| В | IC Engines and Parts | | | | | | - | | | |
| | D of all : | 166.20 | 142.70 | -14.14 | 2189.46 | 1808.58 | 17.40 | | | |
| С | Pumps of all types | 53.64 | 54.56 | 1.72 | 705.31 | 642.30 | -8.93 | | | |
| D | Air condition and Refrigerators | 07 22 | 06.02 | 0.46 | 1047 01 | 942.83 | - 10.02 | | | |
| Е | Industrial Machinery for | 87.23 | 86.83 | -0.46 | 1047.81 | 744.03 | 10.02 | | | |
| L | dairy, food processing, | | | | | | | | | |
| | textiles etc | 399.51 | 354.74 | -11.21 | 4303.13 | 4169.57 | -3.10 | | | |
| F | Machine Tools | 33.79 | 25.98 | -23.11 | 341.51 | 350.06 | 2.50 | | | |
| G | Machinery for Injecting | 111.06 | 96.04 | -13.52 | 1207.13 | 1143.44 | -5.28 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| Sl no. | Panel | Februa ry 2015 | February , 2016 | Growth percent | April, 2014 - Februa ry, 2015 | April, 2015 - Februa ry, 2016 | Growt h perce nt |
|-----------|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| | moulding, valves and ATMs | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 007.57 | 010.62 | 0.60 | 10345. | 9654.5 | 6.60 |
| 4 | Electrical Machinery | 897.57 | 819.63 | -8.68 | 35 3597.1 | 3505.3 | -6.68 |
| | , and the second | 309.31 | 362.04 | 17.05 | 7 | 5 | -2.55 |
| | | 5. Auto a | ınd Auto Con | nponents | | | |
| A | Motor Vehicle/cars | 475.13 | 549.83 | 15.72 | 6089.04 | 6049.91 | -0.64 |
| В | Two and Three Wheelers | 128.33 | 132.68 | 3.39 | 1719.49 | 1629.50 | -5.23 |
| С | Auto Components/Part | 365.23 | 350.50 | -4.03 | 4061.62 | 3824.25 | -5.84 |
| | Sub Total | 968.69 | 1033.01 | 6.64 | 11870. 15 | 11503. 66 | -3.09 |
| 6 | Aircrafts and Spacecraft parts and products | 137.06 | 256.32 | 87.01 | 5844.08 | 3604.11 | 38.33 |
| 7 | Ships Boats and Floating products and parts | 272.11 | 142.90 | -47.48 | 5099.48 | 2810.47 | - 44.89 |
| | | 8. Mi | scellaneous | Items | | | |
| A | Medical and Scientific instruments | 91.48 | 93.06 | 1.73 | 1162.76 | 1071.62 | -7.84 |
| В | Railway Transport | 6.90 | 5.15 | -25.36 | 121.82 | 76.25 | - 37.41 |
| С | Hand Tools & Cutting Tools | 57.87 | 46.32 | -19.96 | 690.07 | 587.01 | - 14.93 |
| D | Electrodes Accumulators | 3.31 | 3.03 | -8.46 | 35.69 | 38.31 | 7.34 |
| Е | Accumulator and Batteries | 16.65 | 16.53 | -0.72 | 191.57 | 182.04 | -4.97 |
| F | Bicycle & Parts | 30.80 | 25.98 | -15.65 | 324.36 | 269.13 | - 17.03 |
| G | Cranes Lifts & Winches | 22.52 | 63.32 | 181.17 | 297.35 | 375.22 | 26.19 |
| Н | Office Equipments | 3.11 | 8.11 | 160.77 | 45.52 | 79.45 | 74.54 |
| I | Other Construction Machinery | 79.50 | 85.49 | 7.53 | 1070.85 | 999.79 | -6.64 |
| J | Prime Mica & Mica Products | 1.43 | 1.07 | -25.17 | 17.07 | 15.68 | -8.14 |
| K | OTHER MISC. ITEMS | 135.14 | 167.44 | 23.90 | 1635.94 | 1868.75 | 11.32 |
| K* | Discrepancy in Data | | 13.22 | | | 14.27 | |
| Sub T | otal | 448.71 | 528.72 | 17.83 | 5593.0 0 | 5577.5 2 | -0.28 |
| Gran | d Total | 4975.3 | 4424.35 | -11.07 | 64940. 28 | 53686. 25 | 17.33 |
| | (Source: Dep | | | | | | |

Some factors that need to be noted are:

- ❖ Out of 33 engineering panels, 20 panels (61 percent) of the engineering panels recorded a negative growth and remaining 13 panels fared positive growth in the month of February 2015.
- ❖ India's Primary Iron and Steel exports have fallen by more than 41 percent in February 2016 vis-à-vis February 2015, which is more than the cumulative fall during April 2015- February 2016 vis-à-vis April 2014- February 2015. Products of Iron and Steel have also dropped by more than 19 percent in February 2016 vis-à-vis February 2015, which is also higher than the cumulative fall during April 2015- February 2016 vis-à-vis April 2014- February 2015.
- ❖ Like before, Ship, boats and floating bodies again registered a drop in exports by more than 47 percent in February 2016 over February 2015.
- ❖ There has been a drastic fall in the exports of Zinc and Nickel falling by more than 86 percent and 80 percent respectively during February 2016 over February 2015. 5 out of 7 non ferrous metals and products panels witnessed decline in exports during February 2016 over February 2015.
- ❖ In the Industrial Machinery panel, the only product group to have registered export growth significantly high is Nuclear reactors and boilers during February 2016 against February 2015. All the other groups of this panel dropped in exports excluding Pumps and valves. Machine tools witnessed the highest decline in growth rates during February 2016 against February 2015.
- ❖ Unlike January 2015, Aircrafts & Spacecrafts registered significant rise in exports by 87 percent in February 2016 over February 2015.
- Other panels like Electric Machinery and equipments, Motor vehicles/cars, Two and three wheelers, Medical & scientific equipments, Cranes Lifts & winches Office equipments, and other miscellaneous items, 2016 vis-à-vis February 2011 registered positive growth among the panels.

☑ Top 25 destinations for Indian Engineering Exports in Absolute Value (even though the growth rate may be negative)

We now look at the export scenario of top 25 nations that have highest demand for Indian engineering products during February 2016 over February 2015 in Absolute Value, even though the growth rate may be negative. Country wise cumulative figures for April 2015– February 2016 have also been taken into concern to see the trend of India's engineering exports in the current fiscal.

Table 7: Engineering Exports Country wise (2015-2016)US\$ Million

| Country | February, 2015 | February, 2016 | Growth percent | April - February 2014- 2015 | April- February 2015 -2016 | Growth percen t |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| USA | 692.74 | 504.96 | -27.11 | 7139.09 | 6316.43 | -11.52 |
| UAE | 281.79 | 249.93 | -11.31 | 5484.49 | 3838.65 | -30.01 |
| SRI LANKA | 151.09 | 271.34 | 79.59 | 3638.27 | 2636.00 | -27.55 |
| UK | 212.31 | 184.95 | -12.89 | 2438.84 | 2016.18 | -17.33 |
| GERMANY | 162.77 | 172.61 | 6.04 | 1943.66 | 1900.82 | -2.20 |
| CHINA | 241.35 | 138.05 | -42.80 | 2837.26 | 1890.62 | -33.36 |
| SINGAPORE | 204.57 | 108.52 | -46.95 | 2382.92 | 1813.82 | -23.88 |
| MEXICO | 133.49 | 197.69 | 48.09 | 1723.63 | 1658.80 | -3.76 |
| BANGLADESH | 85.81 | 130.17 | 51.70 | 1292.77 | 1347.53 | 4.24 |
| ITALY | 135.82 | 130.47 | -3.94 | 1526.07 | 1340.76 | -12.14 |
| MALAYSIA | 107.75 | 72.73 | -32.50 | 1816.22 | 1286.75 | -29.15 |
| SAUDI ARAB | 142.29 | 114.75 | -19.35 | 1626.35 | 1228.12 | -24.49 |
| SOUTH AFRICA | 91.64 | 64.63 | -29.48 | 1885.30 | 1226.73 | -34.93 |
| NEPAL | 119.83 | 166.70 | 39.11 | 1318.01 | 1203.79 | -8.67 |
| KOREA RP | 113.88 | 92.74 | -18.56 | 1164.94 | 1194.47 | 2.53 |
| TURKEY | 132.79 | 128.90 | -2.93 | 1560.65 | 1193.83 | -23.50 |
| JAPAN | 81.00 | 59.69 | -26.32 | 753.03 | 1009.71 | 34.09 |
| FRANCE | 66.86 | 90.64 | 35.58 | 923.28 | 971.27 | 5.20 |
| NIGERIA | 69.22 | 58.70 | -15.19 | 1156.70 | 867.01 | -25.04 |
| NETHERLAND | 74.90 | 66.14 | -11.70 | 798.65 | 825.13 | 3.32 |
| THAILAND | 85.23 | 65.72 | -22.90 | 946.80 | 765.79 | -19.12 |
| INDONESIA | 61.93 | 73.23 | 18.24 | 1041.71 | 752.04 | -27.81 |
| IRAN | 75.95 | 39.25 | -48.33 | 1118.54 | 642.26 | -42.58 |
| SPAIN | 59.00 | 57.62 | -2.33 | 625.64 | 617.55 | -1.29 |
| BELGIUM | 65.32 | 48.32 | -26.02 | 638.45 | 609.03 | -4.61 |
| Total of top 25 | 3649.35 | 3288.45 | -9.89 | 47781.30 | 39153.08 | -18.06 |
| Total Engineering Exports | 4975.32 | 4424.35 | -11.07 | 64940.28 | 53686.25 | -17.33 |
| Share of Top 25 in Total (%) | 73.35 | 74.33 | | 73.58 | 72.93 | |

Note: Red font indicates negative monthly and cumulative growth
(Source: Department of Commerce, Government of India)

The country wise figures for February 2016 show interesting trends. These are:

- ❖ Out of the top 25 countries, 18 countries recorded negative growth in the month of February 2016. Thus 7 countries recorded positive growth in the month of February 2016 over February 2015.
- ❖ Sri Lanka recorded the highest growth in exports by almost 80 percent in February 2016 compared to February 2015. However the cumulative growth from April -February 2015-16 over April-February 2014-15 were negative.
- Like before Indian engineering exports to USA, continued to be the highest in the reporting month, even though it recorded negative growth both in February 2016 as well as in cumulative growth April -February 2015-16.
- ❖ Among the European nations France and Germany Malaysia which recorded positive growth in February 2016 over February 2015. The highest decline in exports is noted in case of Belgium for the month concerned.
- ❖ Japan which recorded the highest growth last month, recorded negative growth in exports in February 2016 compared to February 2015, but registered highest cumulative growth during April -February 2015-16 over April-February 2014-15
- Out of 221 destinations for export of Indian engineering goods, the top 25 nations accounts for 72.9 percent of the total during April-February 2015-16.
- ❖ The growth rate in the top 25 countries during April-February 2015-16, taken together recorded fall in exports by 18.1percent which is more than the fall in India's total engineering exports by 17.4 per cent.

Regional Distribution of Engineering Exports

We now look at the Regional Distribution of Engineering Exports for April-February 2015-16 as opposed to April-February 2014-15. We also look at the trend in February 2016 vis-à-vis February 2015. The Table below gives this picture:

Table 8: Region Wise Exports TrendUS\$ Million

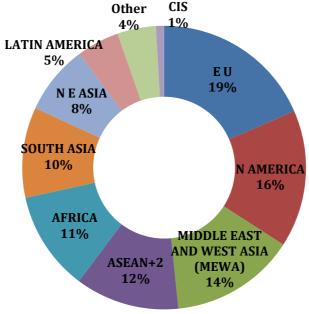
| Region | Februar y, 2015 | Februar y, 2016 | Growt h % | April - February 2014- 2015 | April- February20 15 -2016 | Growt h % |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| EU | 938.21 | 888.02 | -5.35 | 11096.41 | 9916.84 | -10.63 |
| N AMERICA | 860.29 | 743.51 | -13.58 | 9367.07 | 8410.59 | -10.21 |
| MIDDLE EAST AND WEST ASIA (MEWA) | 642.80 | 567.33 | -11.74 | 10679.12 | 7656.07 | -28.31 |
| ASEAN+2 | 634.46 | 443.47 | -30.10 | 8107.51 | 6358.42 | -21.57 |
| AFRICA | 544.87 | 482.85 | -11.38 | 7803.80 | 6085.51 | -22.02 |
| SOUTH ASIA | 388.83 | 593.80 | 52.72 | 6526.65 | 5540.85 | -15.10 |

| N E ASIA | 448.22 | 301.69 | -32.69 | 4930.84 | 4261.20 | -13.58 |
|---------------|---------|---------|--------|----------|----------|--------|
| LATIN AMERICA | 275.77 | 185.85 | -32.61 | 3028.14 | 2600.65 | -14.12 |
| Other | 207.79 | 179.32 | -13.70 | 2559.84 | 2358.03 | -7.88 |
| CIS | 34.09 | 38.52 | 13.00 | 840.79 | 498.09 | -40.76 |
| Grand Total | 4975.32 | 4424.35 | -11.07 | 64940.17 | 53686.25 | - |
| | | | | | | 17.33 |

Note: *Figures have been rounded off. Source: DGCI&S; **Myanmar has been included in ASEAN+2 and not in South Asia, since ASEAN is a formal economic grouping.

Figure 2: India's region wise exports during April-February 2015 -16

Other CIS



(Source: EEPC India analysis)

- ❖ Engineering exports to EU ranks first in region wise exports, irrespective of negative growth faced monthly as well as cumulatively from April-February 2015-16 over the same period last fiscal.
- North America ranks second registering negative growth both during the cumulative period of April- February 2015-16 over April- February 2014-15 as well as during February 2016 vis-à-vis February 2015.
- ❖ Exports to ASEAN+2 and North East Asia recorded significant drop during February 2016 vis-à-vis February 2015.
- ❖ Exports to South Asia recorded significant positive growth during February 2016 vis-à-vis February 2015. Exports to CIS also increased in February 2016 over

February 2015 by about 13 percent. However, these two regions witnessed year-on-year decline in exports during the first ten months of the current fiscal.

We now analyze the performance of some of the important products during February 2016. We pick the major panels and seek the heavy growth and heavy declines in these panels IN THE CURRENT FISCAL of 2015-2016 to give an idea about the trend that is about to emerge.

Table 9: Export of Iron & SteelUS\$ Million

| Export | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth | Apr-Feb | Apr_ Feb | Growth |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------|----------|------------|-------------|--------|
| partners | | | % | 201415 | 201516 | % |
| | SU | JBSTANTI <i>A</i> | AL CUMUL | ATIVE GROW | TH COUNTRIE | ES |
| Export to World | 634.6 | 371.6 | -41.4 | 7996.3 | 5092.8 | -36.3 |
| CHINA | 10.9 | 7.2 | -33.7 | 108.5 | 143.2 | 32.0 |
| KUWAIT | 3.2 | 0.8 | -74.7 | 29.7 | 34.6 | 16.3 |
| DJIBOUTI | 2.3 | 1.3 | -44.6 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 2.4 |
| BAHARAIN IS | 2.4 | 2.6 | 9.0 | 10.8 | 14.5 | 34.1 |
| SOMALIA | 0.1 | 0.6 | 765.2 | 9.5 | 13.1 | 37.4 |
| SENEGAL | 0.5 | 0.8 | 65.9 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 5.7 |
| FINLAND | 0.7 | 1.0 | 43.5 | 5.5 | 8.2 | 49.8 |
| MALDIVES | 1.9 | 0.4 | -79.5 | 5.7 | 8.0 | 41.6 |
| | | HEAVY (| CUMULATI | VE DECLINE | COUNTRIES | |
| NEPAL | 40.21 | 49.76 | 23.75 | 476.98 | 426.35 | -10.61 |
| USA | 62.27 | 20.07 | -67.78 | 657.40 | 367.17 | -44.15 |
| ITALY | 46.49 | 24.53 | -47.24 | 494.77 | 350.68 | -29.12 |
| IRAN | 46.27 | 8.85 | -80.87 | 567.04 | 321.84 | -43.24 |
| UAE | 43.90 | 14.52 | -66.93 | 613.66 | 270.20 | -55.97 |
| KOREA RP | 27.68 | 15.48 | -44.06 | 301.04 | 224.18 | -25.53 |
| BELGIUM | 29.59 | 17.10 | -42.21 | 250.52 | 223.95 | -10.61 |
| BANGLADESH | 10.24 | 31.69 | 209.54 | 233.88 | 199.45 | -14.72 |

(Source: Department of Commerce, Government of India)

- ❖ Nepal tops the list importing 8.4percent of India's total export of Iron and Steel during April- February 2015-16, followed by USA importing 7.2 percent during the same period.
- ❖ Iran drops from its fourth position during April-February 2015-16 importing 6.3 percent, leaving Italy in third position which imports 6.9 percent of India's total export of Iron and Steel during the same period.

Table 10: Export of products Iron & Steel US\$ Million

| Export | Feb_1 | Feb_1 | Growt | Apr-Feb | Apr_ Feb 2015 | Growt |
|--------------------|--------|---------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------|
| partners | 5 | 6 | h | 2014 | 16 | h |
| | | | % | 15 | | % |
| | | SUBSTAN | ITIAL CUM | MULATIVE G | ROWTH COUNTRIES | |
| Export to World | 567.47 | 460.39 | -18.9 | 6900.61 | 5644.29 | -18.2 |
| IRAQ | 0.61 | 0.41 | -32.3 | 44.87 | 178.35 | 297.5 |
| NETHERLAND | 11.03 | 15.22 | 38.0 | 116.35 | 161.02 | 38.4 |
| OMAN | 4.92 | 23.90 | 386.2 | 63.63 | 94.02 | 47.8 |
| SPAIN | 7.76 | 6.43 | -17.1 | 88.50 | 91.84 | 3.8 |
| PERU | 8.84 | 3.99 | -54.9 | 43.13 | 86.53 | 100.6 |
| MEXICO | 3.54 | 3.48 | -1.6 | 62.28 | 82.82 | 33.0 |
| BANGLADESH | 2.48 | 4.12 | 66.1 | 27.76 | 78.04 | 181.2 |
| SINGAPORE | 3.59 | 3.06 | -14.7 | 53.02 | 68.41 | 29.0 |
| | | HEAV | YY CUMUL | ATIVE DEC | LINE COUNTRIES | |
| USA | 137.55 | 81.55 | -40.7 | 1580.00 | 1179.83 | -25.3 |
| UAE | 38.21 | 37.73 | -1.2 | 657.66 | 455.46 | -30.7 |
| GERMANY | 32.23 | 27.90 | -13.4 | 423.37 | 331.15 | -21.8 |
| UK | 26.97 | 20.76 | -23.0 | 343.82 | 267.65 | -22.2 |
| SAUDI ARAB | 54.40 | 27.88 | -48.8 | 575.14 | 256.35 | -55.4 |
| ITALY | 14.59 | 12.19 | -16.4 | 189.95 | 139.90 | -26.4 |
| CANADA | 12.37 | 10.37 | -16.2 | 160.26 | 129.19 | -19.4 |
| FRANCE | 9.36 | 9.10 | -2.8 | 118.04 | 103.83 | -12.0 |

- ❖ USA tops the list importing more than 21percent of India's total export of Products of Iron and Steel during April- February 2015-16.
- ❖ While UAE and Germany imports 8.1percent and 5.9 percent of India's total export of Products of Iron and Steel respectively during the same period.

Table 11: Export of Industrial Machinery US\$ Million

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 2014 15 | Apr_ Feb 2015- -16 | Growth % | |
|---|---------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| S | UBSTANT | 'IAL CUMU | JLATIVE G | ROWTH CO | UNTRIES | | |
| Export to World | 897.6 | 823.7 | -8.2 | 10345.4 | 9658.5 | -6.6 | |
| GERMANY 35.95 36.60 1.80 435.45 462.64 6.24 | | | | | | | |
| BANGLADESH | 27.15 | 32.60 | 20.08 | 299.44 | 355.43 | 18.70 | |

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 2014 15 | Apr_ Feb 2015- -16 | Growth % |
|-----------------|--------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| SAUDI ARAB | 25.28 | 25.71 | 1.67 | 282.01 | 350.52 | 24.29 |
| FRANCE | 13.41 | 16.94 | 26.34 | 139.10 | 175.08 | 25.87 |
| SRI LANKA | 11.68 | 17.57 | 50.50 | 109.02 | 165.34 | 51.67 |
| VIETNAM SOC REP | 9.12 | 11.06 | 21.29 | 132.49 | 159.96 | 20.74 |
| KENYA | 13.47 | 10.74 | -20.29 | 128.97 | 145.07 | 12.49 |
| NETHERLAND | 9.75 | 9.60 | -1.52 | 109.28 | 137.36 | 25.69 |
| | HEAVY | CUMULA | TIVE DEC | LINE COUN' | ΓRIES | |
| USA | 168.81 | 118.49 | -29.81 | 1731.13 | 1531.39 | -11.54 |
| UK | 65.28 | 32.00 | -50.97 | 484.68 | 447.08 | -7.76 |
| UAE | 38.54 | 32.26 | -16.30 | 434.22 | 429.35 | -1.12 |
| TURKEY | 42.79 | 43.49 | 1.64 | 430.03 | 387.27 | -9.94 |
| CHINA | 26.71 | 23.43 | -12.29 | 358.32 | 305.15 | -14.84 |
| ITALY | 21.56 | 20.70 | -4.00 | 299.03 | 232.58 | -22.22 |
| NIGERIA | 20.57 | 14.68 | -28.66 | 285.92 | 191.28 | -33.10 |
| INDONESIA | 18.29 | 20.11 | 9.92 | 250.58 | 188.84 | -24.64 |

- ❖ USA tops here importing 15.9 percent of India's total exports for Industrial Machinery during April- February 2015-16.
- ❖ Germany and UK moves to second and third position respectively importing 4.8 percent and 4.6 percent respectively of India's total exports for Industrial Machinery during April- February 2015-16.

Table 12: Export of AutomobilesUS\$ Million

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth | Apr-Feb | Apr_ Feb | Growth |
|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|--------|
| | | | % | 2014 | 201516 | % |
| | | | | 15 | | |
| SI | UBSTANT | IAL CUMU | ILATIVE G | ROWTH CO | UNTRIES | |
| Export to World | 475.1 | 555.2 | 16.9 | 6089.0 | 6055.3 | -0.6 |
| MEXICO | 38.5 | 133.2 | 245.9 | 700.6 | 887.3 | 26.7 |
| SRI LANKA | 34.9 | 16.4 | -53.0 | 333.8 | 471.9 | 41.4 |
| ITALY | 20.5 | 42.2 | 105.9 | 163.9 | 280.0 | 70.9 |
| SAUDI ARAB | 23.0 | 30.9 | 34.2 | 184.0 | 204.8 | 11.3 |
| VIETNAM SOC REP | 9.6 | 0.2 | -97.7 | 133.8 | 160.8 | 20.2 |
| EGYPT | 13.0 | 18.8 | 44.7 | 130.4 | 158.3 | 21.4 |

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 2014 15 | Apr_ Feb 201516 | Growth % |
|-----------------|--------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| SPAIN | 13.0 | 12.8 | -2.2 | 115.2 | 145.8 | 26.6 |
| NEPAL | 13.6 | 20.9 | 53.4 | 114.4 | 120.5 | 5.3 |
| | HEAVY | CUMULA | TIVE DECI | LINE COUN | ΓRIES | |
| SOUTH AFRICA | 54.8 | 34.0 | -38.0 | 713.2 | 588.1 | -17.5 |
| UK | 20.7 | 32.7 | 57.4 | 321.7 | 279.7 | -13.1 |
| UAE | 16.2 | 22.0 | 35.4 | 260.0 | 238.6 | -8.2 |
| BANGLADESH | 9.8 | 12.6 | 28.7 | 198.7 | 175.2 | -11.8 |
| NIGERIA | 14.6 | 8.5 | -41.5 | 187.6 | 125.7 | -33.0 |
| ALGERIA | 12.2 | 0.0 | -100.0 | 279.0 | 112.9 | -59.5 |
| NETHERLAND | 17.6 | 10.6 | -39.7 | 127.0 | 105.9 | -16.7 |
| PERU | 10.4 | 4.0 | -61.8 | 107.2 | 94.2 | -12.1 |

- ❖ In case of Motor vehicles Mexico assumes the top position importing 14.7 percent of India's total exports of Motor vehicles during April-February 2015-2016.
- South Africa and Sri Lanka holds the 2nd and 3rd position respectively importing 9.7 percent and 7.8 percent of India's total exports of Motor vehicles during the same period.

Table 13: Export of Non-Ferrous metalsUS\$ Million

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 201415 | Apr_ Feb 201516 | Growth % | | | |
|-----------------|---|---------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | SUBSTANTIAL CUMULATIVE GROWTH COUNTRIES | | | | | | | | |
| Export to World | 739.85 | 451.13 | -39.02 | 7694.17 | 6294.91 | -18.19 | | | |
| KOREA RP | 68.58 | 55.32 | -19.34 | 603.18 | 717.41 | 18.94 | | | |
| MALAYSIA | 66.49 | 23.13 | -65.21 | 377.83 | 672.75 | 78.06 | | | |
| USA | 55.08 | 40.02 | -27.34 | 486.35 | 509.83 | 4.83 | | | |
| TAIWAN | 6.92 | 4.81 | -30.42 | 118.51 | 189.80 | 60.16 | | | |
| SAUDI ARAB | 11.93 | 12.57 | 5.36 | 124.19 | 125.05 | 0.69 | | | |
| NEPAL | 8.46 | 9.24 | 9.15 | 81.59 | 99.10 | 21.46 | | | |
| INDONESIA | 4.39 | 2.91 | -33.65 | 46.08 | 77.38 | 67.91 | | | |
| BRAZIL | 3.84 | 3.19 | -16.94 | 38.20 | 73.08 | 91.28 | | | |
| | HEA | VY CUMU | LATIVE DE | ECLINE COU | NTRIES | | | | |
| CHINA | 171.62 | 81.17 | -52.70 | 1872.75 | 1102.17 | -41.15 | | | |

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 201415 | Apr_ Feb 201516 | Growth % |
|-----------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| UAE | 62.85 | 46.05 | -26.73 | 729.64 | 443.08 | -39.27 |
| SINGAPORE | 37.87 | 22.83 | -39.71 | 570.65 | 405.55 | -28.93 |
| MEXICO | 50.20 | 14.62 | -70.88 | 504.97 | 184.29 | -63.50 |
| UK | 13.98 | 11.97 | -14.37 | 170.34 | 153.52 | -9.87 |
| GERMANY | 7.44 | 6.57 | -11.78 | 111.42 | 84.14 | -24.48 |
| TURKEY | 23.92 | 2.56 | -89.29 | 130.07 | 70.60 | -45.72 |
| VIETNAM | 4.78 | 0.91 | -80.94 | 64.77 | 49.94 | -22.89 |

(Source: Department of Commerce and CSO)

- ❖ China is the topmost importer for Non ferrous Metals importing 17.5 percent of India's total export of Non Ferrous Metals during April-February 2015-2016.
- ❖ Republic of Korea and Malaysia imports 11.4 percent and 10.7percent respectively during April-February 2015-2016.

Table 14: Export of Electrical Machinery and ComponentsUS\$ Million

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 201415 | Apr_ Feb 201516 | Growth % | | | |
|-----------------|--|---------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 5 | SUBSTANTIAL CUMULATIVE GROWTH COUNTRIES | | | | | | | | |
| Export to World | xport to World 309.31 362.40 17.16 3597.08 3505.78 | | | | | | | | |
| USA | 41.39 | 40.58 | -1.96 | 465.17 | 480.79 | 3.36 | | | |
| SINGAPORE | 7.43 | 29.62 | 298.89 | 82.02 | 119.29 | 45.43 | | | |
| JAPAN | 4.18 | 11.90 | 184.55 | 54.20 | 102.48 | 89.10 | | | |
| BANGLADESH | 3.62 | 12.98 | 258.37 | 59.40 | 96.76 | 62.90 | | | |
| CHINA | 6.12 | 5.14 | -15.98 | 76.26 | 94.60 | 24.06 | | | |
| TURKEY | 4.01 | 22.90 | 471.48 | 40.77 | 73.31 | 79.81 | | | |
| ITALY | 6.01 | 4.04 | -32.69 | 58.84 | 61.68 | 4.83 | | | |
| VIETNAM SOC REP | 5.23 | 3.74 | -28.55 | 33.62 | 59.23 | 76.19 | | | |
| | HEAV | Y CUMUL | ATIVE DE | CLINE COUN | TRIES | | | | |
| GERMANY | 21.41 | 29.39 | 37.22 | 228.87 | 226.37 | -1.09 | | | |
| UK | 29.79 | 14.08 | -52.73 | 226.48 | 193.55 | -14.54 | | | |
| FRANCE | 14.61 | 15.28 | 4.58 | 187.24 | 177.54 | -5.18 | | | |
| UAE | 16.84 | 13.46 | -20.09 | 197.75 | 171.06 | -13.50 | | | |
| SAUDI ARAB | 9.12 | 5.06 | -44.50 | 91.74 | 82.69 | -9.87 | | | |
| NIGERIA | 5.36 | 3.22 | -39.93 | 81.86 | 59.73 | -27.04 | | | |
| OMAN | 3.49 | 6.63 | 90.36 | 68.16 | 53.40 | -21.65 | | | |
| NEPAL | 6.42 | 5.15 | -19.85 | 59.73 | 50.53 | -15.40 | | | |

(Source: Department of Commerce and CSO)

- ❖ USA is the largest importer of Electrical Machinery and Equipments from India during April-February 2015-16 importing 13.7 percent from India's global export of the product group.
- ❖ Germany retains its second position during April-February 2015-16 importing 6.5 percent.
- ❖ Exports to UK and France witnessed decline during April-February 2015-16 over the same period last fiscal despite being the third and fourth largest export destination for 'Electrical Machineries'.

Table 15: Export of Aircrafts & Spacecrafts
US\$ Million

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 2014 15 | Apr_ Feb 201516 | Growth % | | | |
|---|--------|---------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| SUBSTANTIAL CUMULATIVE GROWTH COUNTRIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Export to World | 137.06 | 256.36 | 87.04 | 5844.10 | 3605.09 | -38.31 | | | |
| GERMANY | 8.16 | 7.19 | -11.84 | 78.42 | 192.17 | 145.06 | | | |
| CZECH REPUBLIC | 0.02 | 0.12 | 667.16 | 31.47 | 152.61 | 384.86 | | | |
| ISRAEL | 5.56 | 5.08 | -8.76 | 36.44 | 54.70 | 50.08 | | | |
| CANADA | 0.57 | 4.64 | 716.03 | 9.86 | 15.38 | 56.04 | | | |
| ITALY | 0.97 | 1.26 | 29.53 | 7.99 | 11.29 | 41.22 | | | |
| AFGHANISTAN TIS | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 10.95 | 2630989.30 | | | |
| AUSTRIA | 0.59 | 0.64 | 8.10 | 3.59 | 7.27 | 102.68 | | | |
| UKRAINE | 0.03 | 0.00 | -100.00 | 2.80 | 6.71 | 139.12 | | | |
| | HEAV | Y CUMUL | ATIVE DECL | INE COUNT | RIES | | | | |
| SRI LANKA | 0.06 | 109.33 | 169166.02 | 1745.15 | 1308.14 | -25.04 | | | |
| UAE | 1.01 | 1.10 | 8.98 | 957.42 | 736.40 | -23.09 | | | |
| USA | 61.83 | 44.66 | -27.77 | 491.47 | 459.94 | -6.41 | | | |
| U K | 9.73 | 26.73 | 174.84 | 325.15 | 153.88 | -52.67 | | | |
| FRANCE | 8.49 | 16.89 | 98.95 | 156.23 | 130.92 | -16.20 | | | |
| RUSSIA | 3.28 | 1.55 | -52.71 | 94.48 | 88.61 | -6.21 | | | |
| SINGAPORE | 3.06 | 16.35 | 433.86 | 323.60 | 80.46 | -75.13 | | | |
| IRELAND | 0.04 | 0.08 | 121.71 | 337.21 | 35.17 | -89.57 | | | |

(Source: Department of Commerce and CSO)

❖ In case of Aircrafts and Parts, Sri Lanka once again retains its top rank in importing 36.3 percent of India's total exports of Aircrafts and Parts during

- April-February 2015-16. UAE ranks second importing 20.4 percent of India's global exports of Aircrafts during the same period.
- ❖ USA holds the third position importing 12.8 percent of India's Aircrafts & parts during April-February 2015-16.

Table 16: Export of Ships, Boats and Floating Structures and parts

US\$ Million

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth Apr-Feb Apr_Feb 2015 % 2014 16 15 | | Growth % | |
|-------------------|--------|---------|--|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | | CHECTAN | ATIAI CDOV | VTH COUNT | DIEC | |
| Francist to Mould | | | | | | |
| Export to World | 272.11 | 142.90 | -47.49 | 5099.47 | 2810.47 | -44.89 |
| JAPAN | 25.07 | 0.00 | -100.00 | 34.27 | 338.21 | 887.05 |
| NORWAY | 0.05 | 0.00 | -96.63 | 25.94 | 328.27 | 1165.59 |
| BAHARAIN IS | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.02 | 122.63 | 746280.48 |
| NETHERLAND | 0.00 | 0.02 | 481.17 | 2.58 | 43.37 | 1578.34 |
| FRANCE | 0.24 | 0.00 | -100.00 | 0.47 | 7.39 | 1470.23 |
| MALDIVES | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 1.32 | 75044.15 |
| EGYPT A RP | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.46 | 1.00 | 117.29 |
| USA | 0.00 | 0.42 | 16707.41 | 0.42 | 0.94 | 123.08 |
| | | HEAV | VY DECLINE | COUNTRIES | S | |
| SINGAPORE | 117.05 | 0.05 | -99.96 | 851.77 | 677.50 | -20.46 |
| UAE | 24.02 | 34.62 | 44.13 | 1141.98 | 630 | -44.83 |
| MALAYSIA | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 856.95 | 190.62 | -77.76 |
| SOUTH AFRICA | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 657.31 | 147.06 | -77.63 |
| SRI LANKA | 61.41 | 84.67 | 37.88 | 827.12 | 144.27 | -82.56 |
| QATAR | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 44.18 | 24.08 | -45.50 |
| INDONESIA | 0.00 | 9.74 | | 53.40 | 15.60 | -70.79 |
| ISRAEL | 2.02 | 10.14 | 402.98 | 15.42 | 13.39 | -13.17 |

(Source: Department of Commerce and CSO)

- ❖ Singapore, UAE, Japan and Norway are India's top export destinations in Ships, Boats and Floating Structures and parts during April-February 2015 sharing almost 70.2 percent of total export of this product group.
- ❖ UAE being one of the top four importers of this group importing 22.4 percent in India's global exports registered a positive monthly growth of 44.1 percent in February 2016 but negative cumulative growth of 44.8 percent.

Table 17: Export of Auto Components

US\$ Million

| Export partners | Feb_15 | Feb_16 | Growth % | Apr-Feb 201415 | Apr_ Feb 201516 | Growth % | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH COUNTRIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Export to World | 365.23 | 350.65 | -3.99 | 4061.62 | 3824.41 | -5.84 | | | | | |
| MEXICO | 13.40 | 12.52 | -6.54 | 105.34 | 151.74 | 44.05 | | | | | |
| UAE | 12.60 | 14.54 | 15.38 | 116.84 | 128.40 | 9.90 | | | | | |
| JAPAN | 8.38 | 11.18 | 33.39 | 105.78 | 116.97 | 10.58 | | | | | |
| NEPAL | 8.40 | 20.13 | 139.67 | 81.18 | 97.02 | 19.52 | | | | | |
| SRI LANKA | 5.61 | 5.83 | 3.95 | 47.82 | 62.27 | 30.22 | | | | | |
| COLOMBIA | 3.57 | 3.79 | 6.03 | 36.04 | 45.97 | 27.54 | | | | | |
| NIGERIA | 3.00 | 3.11 | 3.65 | 44.60 | 45.75 | 2.58 | | | | | |
| SPAIN | 3.27 | 5.52 | 68.90 | 37.02 | 44.91 | 21.31 | | | | | |
| | Н | EAVY DECLIN | E COUNTRIE | ES | | | | | | | |
| USA | 83.76 | 66.52 | -20.58 | 865.58 | 807.97 | -6.66 | | | | | |
| TURKEY | 36.56 | 34.08 | -6.79 | 386.72 | 354.76 | -8.27 | | | | | |
| THAILAND | 18.88 | 15.84 | -16.10 | 206.09 | 180.93 | -12.21 | | | | | |
| GERMANY | 14.68 | 16.26 | 10.80 | 180.03 | 169.30 | -5.96 | | | | | |
| UK | 16.76 | 13.31 | -20.59 | 193.34 | 167.34 | -13.45 | | | | | |
| BRAZIL | 17.77 | 10.60 | -40.35 | 187.61 | 150.60 | -19.73 | | | | | |
| BANGLADESH | 7.55 | 11.52 | 52.49 | 133.16 | 128.35 | -3.61 | | | | | |
| ITALY | 11.88 | 10.77 | -9.34 | 139.08 | 119.79 | -13.87 | | | | | |

(Source: Department of Commerce and CSO)

❖ USA retains its top most import ranking from India covering 21.1 percent share in India's global exports of Auto Components/parts, witnessing a negative growth in February 2016 and during April-February 2015-16.

- ❖ Mexico ranking sixth in India's global exports of Auto Components/parts recorded a significant 44.1 percent year-on-year growth during April-February 2015-16.
- ❖ Turkey and Thailand holds the second and third position importing 9.3percent and 4.7 percent respectively of Indian auto component/parts, during April-February 2015-16.

Conclusion

Merchandise exports from India conceded year-on-year drop for the fifteenth straight month in February 2016 due to slackening of global demand. However, India's trade deficit narrowed in February as exports contracted at a slower pace.

In case of engineering goods, the export decline has been higher than that of the overall merchandise exports. However, as mentioned earlier, the pace of decline in engineering exports decelerated in February compared to the previous two months. Rising import price of steel in the engineering sector has hit the margins widely.

The fall in engineering exports in February 2016 is mainly driven by Non ferrous sectors like Zinc, Nickel, Copper and Aluminium products, Ships Boats and Floating Structures, Iron & Steel. Cumulatively Ships Boats and Floating Structures is the worst performer during April-Feb of the current fiscal while Aircrafts & Spacecrafts, Iron and Steel and Nickel products are the other sectors that has witnessed worst decline in exports during the said time period.

Among the top 25 importers of India's engineering exports during the April-February 2015-16, only seven recorded growth in imports from India. For the rest 18 countries, India saw lower overseas shipment.
